Amendments to the Claims:

The following claims will replace all prior versions of the claims in this application (in the unlikely event that no claims follow herein, the previously pending claims will remain):

1. (Original) A method for encoding information, for transmission of the encoded information to a device that can display the encoded information as visible alphanumeric characters, comprising the steps of:

converting an n-digit information into a binary format;

separating the binary format into x bit binary words, where x is the same as a maximum number of bits data required by every data character in a predetermined data character map;

converting the x bit binary words into a sequence of characters using the data character map;

inserting special marker characters into the sequence that demarcate the sequence into sets of characters separated by one or more special marker characters;

inserting one or more special marker characters at the beginning and end of the sequence; and

inserting line feed command characters into the sequence prior to transmission.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein, x is four or five.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:

the data character map excludes one or more alphanumeric characters because of the potential for confusion at a visual level with another character.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein: the special marker character is the symbol =.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:

the line feed command characters divide the sequence into portions that are visually displayable when received by a user's device, as two or more lines of equal length.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein: each line initiates and terminates with one or more special marker characters.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein: each line is subdivided by one or more special marker characters.
- 8. (Withdrawn) A scanner for reading a visible code and capturing data from a captured image, comprising:

an image capture device;

an OCR engine that has an image from the image capture device as an input and has as an output, a guess of characters and a location for each character from a geometric display of characters;

software for recognising a rectangular target area from the presence of special marker characters in the output;

a module for subdividing the target area into sets of a pre-determined size and location to create an expected character location values;

software for combining the guess of a characters and character location from the OCR engine with the expected character location values to arrive at best guess; software for converting the best guess into a binary; and

one or more modules for applying data correction or recovery techniques to the binary for the purpose of arriving at the data.

- 9. (Withdrawn) The scanner of claim 8, further comprising: a diffuse lighting source that minimises highlights in the captured image.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The scanner of claim 8, further comprising: software for de-skewing the captured image.

- 11. (Withdrawn) The scanner of claim 8, further comprising: a printer for providing a printed version of the data.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The scanner of claim 8, further comprising: an auxiliary display on which the data can be displayed.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The scanner of claim 12, wherein: the auxiliary display can be physically separated from but functionally connected to the scanner.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method for decoding visible characters into original information data, comprising the steps of:

capturing an image of a user's display;

purpose of arriving at the data.

using an OCR engine on the image, the engine having as an output, a guess, of characters and a location for each character;

recognising a target area from the presence of special marker characters in the output;

deriving a character string from characters within the target area; converting the character string into a binary; and applying data correction or recovery techniques to the best guess for the

15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, further comprising the steps of: subdividing the target area into sets of a pre-determined size and location to create pre-determined character location values;

combining the guess of a character location from the OCR engine with the pre-determined character location values to arrive at best guess of a character string.

16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein: the character string is an alphanumeric character string.

17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein:

deriving the character string further comprises comparing the guess of a characters and character location from the OCR engine with a map of expected character location values to arrive at best guess.

- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, further comprising the step of: mapping the decoded original information data to produce a data having a size that is larger than the decoded original information data.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, further comprising the step of: not decoding characters that are part of a transmission but that are outside of the target area.
 - 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein:

the target area is pre-defined as rectangular, being comprised of two or more equal lines of characters and being bounded by special marker characters.